





v_α CCQE/CC1π⁺ Selection Studies

Trevor Towstego v_e CCQE/CC1 π^+ Meeting August 14, 2019

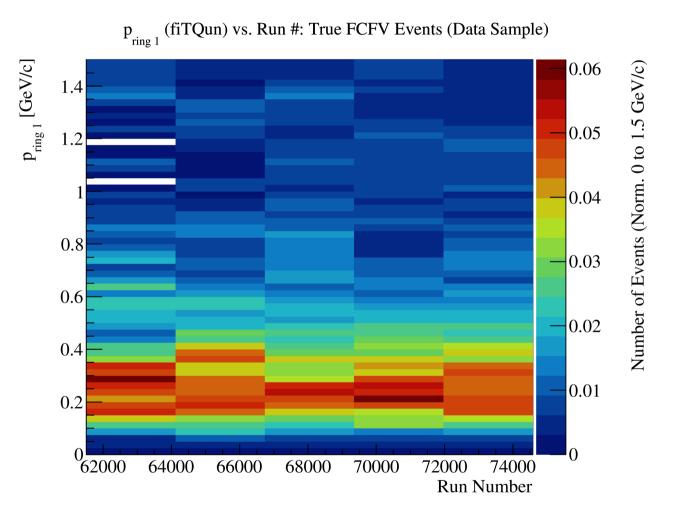
Running fiTQun v4

- fiTQun v4 has finished running on hybrid samples
 - Gain correction was turned off
- Checked to see if gain correction was applied correctly
 - Look at reconstructed momentum distribution as a function of SK run number

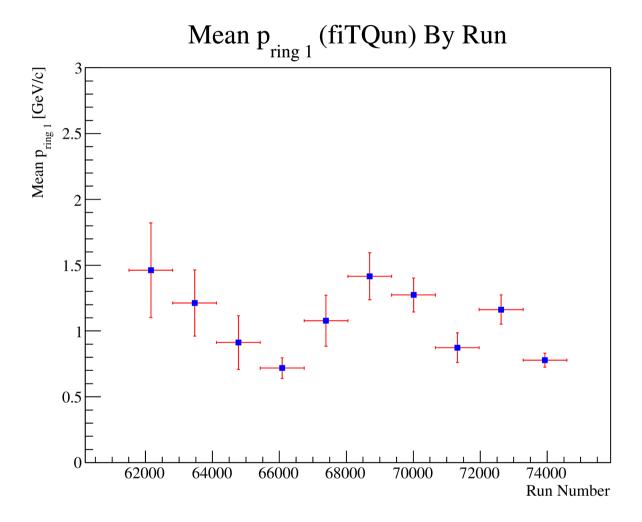
```
double SKTVarConsts::GetGainFact(int iRuntmp){
   const double gainRef = 1.02681828571429; // April 2009 average

   double tmp = 1.0;
   // turn off gain correction (for hybrid epi+ sample)
   /*
   for (int i=1; i<nruns; i++) {
      tmp = darkgain[i];
      if (irun[i]<iRuntmp) continue;
      else if (irun[i]>iRuntmp) { // interpolate
        tmp = (darkgain[i-1]+darkgain[i])/2.;
        break;
    }
      else break; // Run number matched
}

tmp/=gainRef;
   */
   return tmp;
}
```

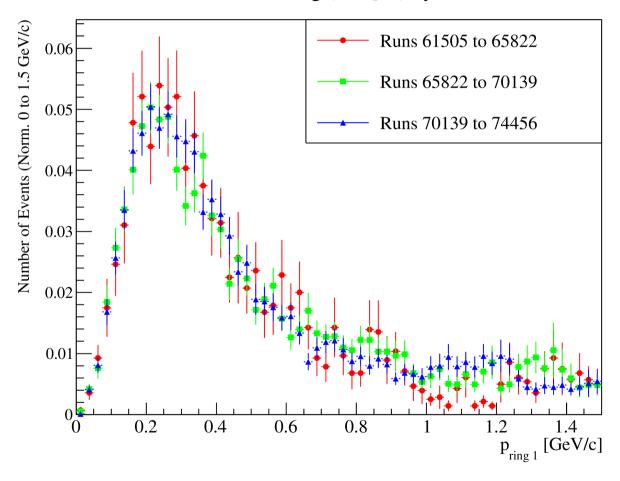


- Plotted reconstructed fiTQun momentum of 1st ring in multi-ring fitter
- Run numbers grouped into 5 bins
 - Events normalised for each run number bin
 - Only events between 0 and 1.5 GeV/c were included when calculating normalisation factor
 - That is, the integral of each run number bin from 0 to 1.5 GeV/c is 1



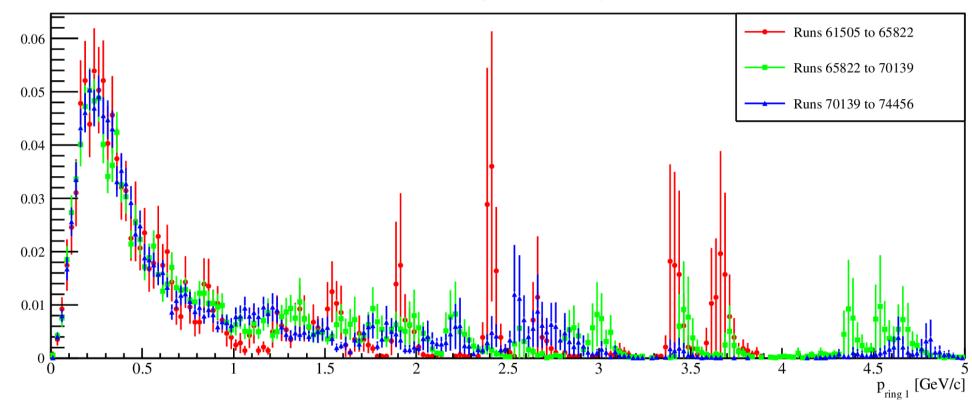
- This plot shows the mean reconstructed momentum in each run number bin
 - Vertical error bars represent error of the mean (now accounting for reuse rate of atm. e-like events)
- Run numbers grouped into 10 bins

Momentum of 1st Ring (fiTQun) by Run Number



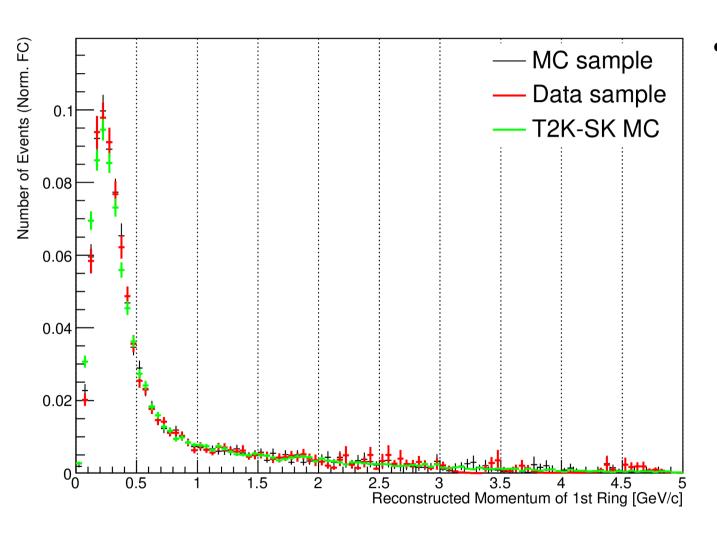
- This plot shows the reconstructed momentum distribution
 - Different plots show 3 groups of runs
 - Each group of runs is normalised (again only between 0 and 1.5 GeV/c)
 - Vertical error bars show statistical error
 - Now accounting for reuse of atm. e-like events

Momentum of 1st Ring (fiTQun) by Run Number



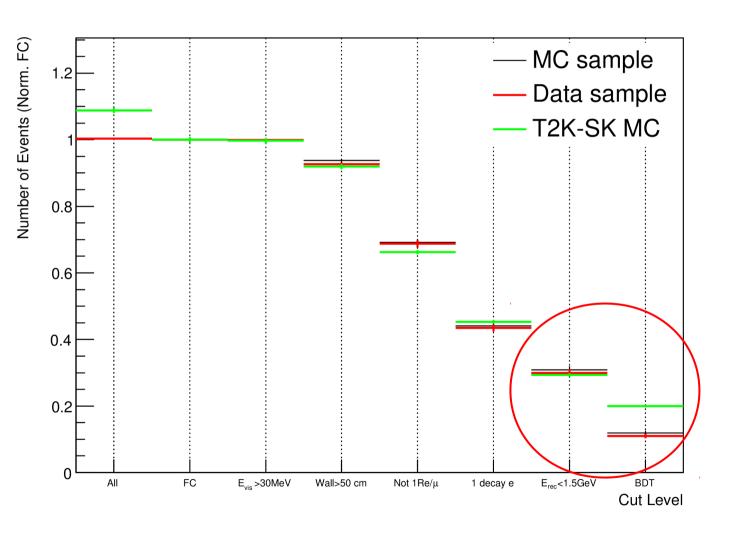
- This is the same plot as the previous slide, but the momentum range is extended to 5 GeV
- This would explain why the mean $p_{\text{ring 1}}$ value jumps around so much

Number of Events (Norm. 0 to 1.5 GeV/c)



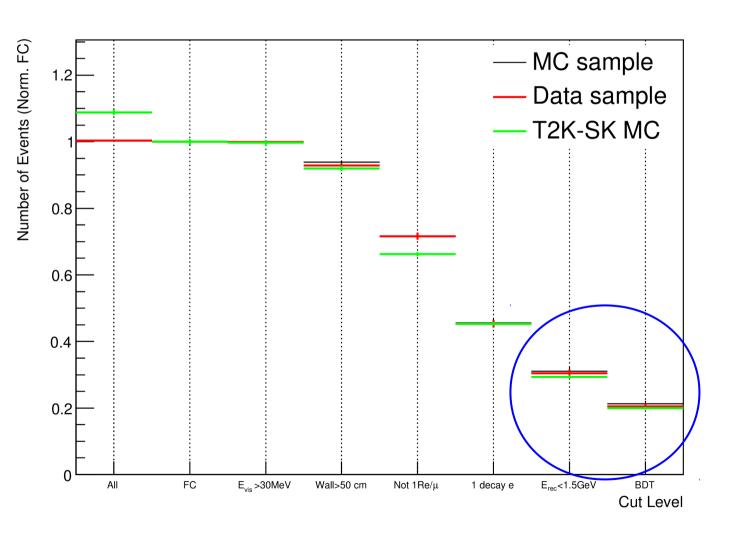
- Plot of the fiTQun reconstructed momentum of the 1st ring for the hybrid sample compared to the T2K-SK 14c MC
 - After FCFV cuts

Hybrid Sample BDT Cut: fiTQun v5



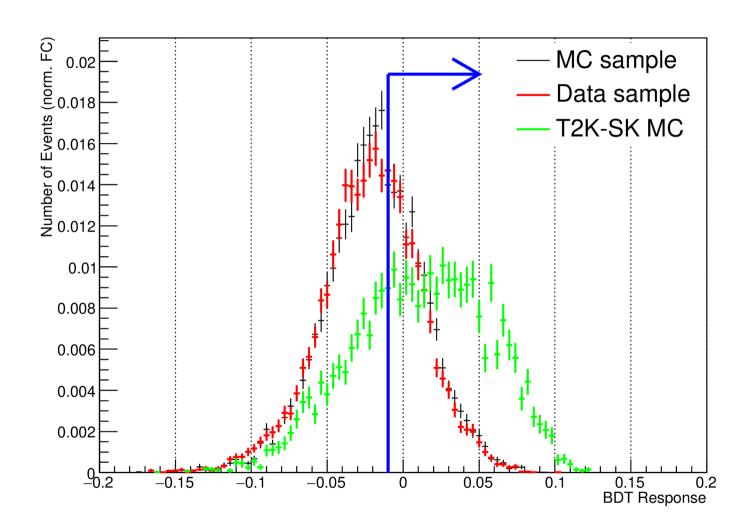
- Now oscillating hybrid sample
- T2K-SK events shown here are $1e1\pi^+$
 - Same final state definition used when constructing hybrid sample
- Can see efficiency discrepancy at BDT cut

Hybrid Sample BDT Cut: fiTQun v4

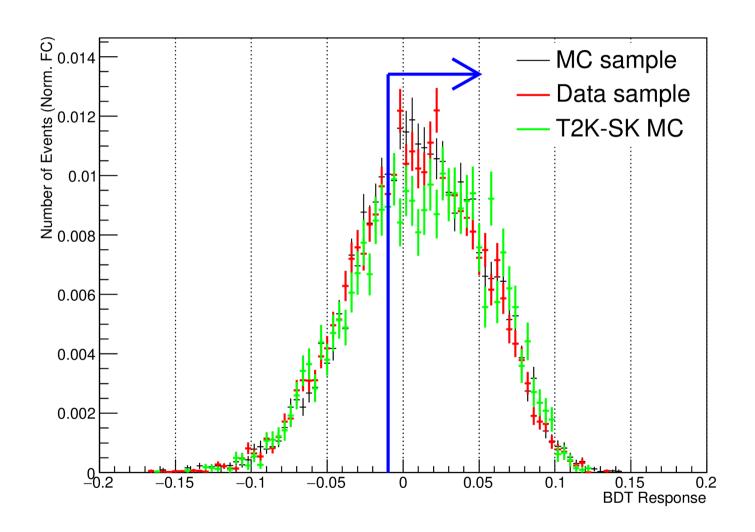


 With fiTQun v4 reconstruction, BDT cut discrepancy is gone!

BDT Response: fiTQun v5

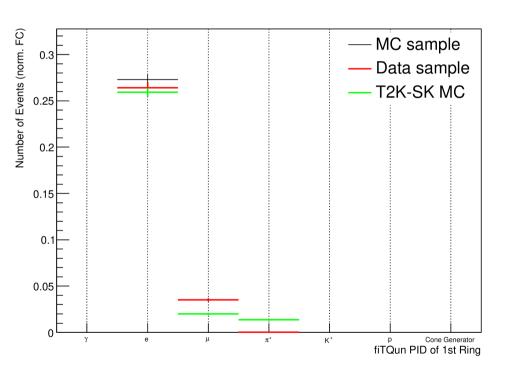


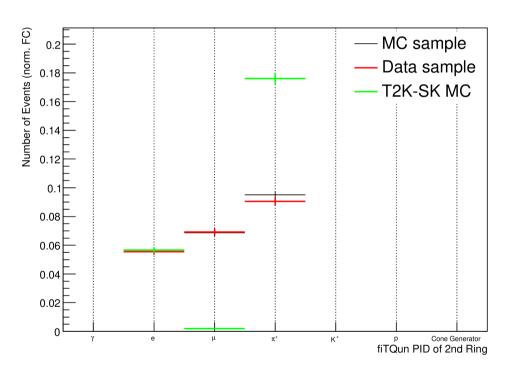
BDT Response: fiTQun v4



fiTQun PID of 1st and 2nd ring: fiTQun v5

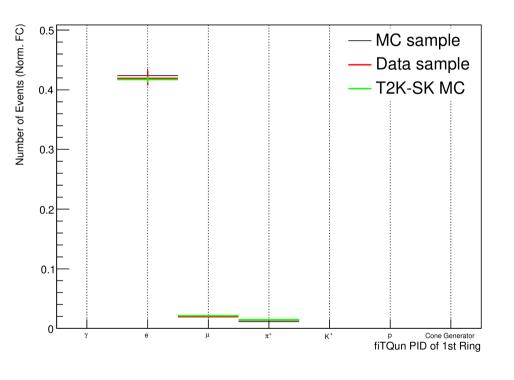
events before BDT cut

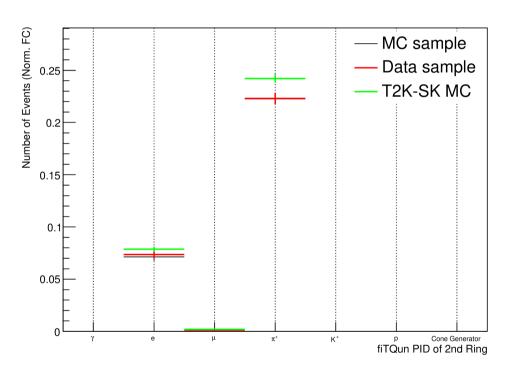




fiTQun PID of 1st and 2nd ring: fiTQun v4

events before BDT cut





T2K Technical Note

T2K-TN-XXX

- I sent an email with the first draft of the hybrid ν_e CC1 π^+ technical note
- Please let me know if you have any comments!

Construction of Hybrid ν_e CC1 π^+ Samples for SK Detector Systematic Error Estimation

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Abstract

At T2K beam energies, $CC1\pi^{\pm}$ interactions are the second-most dominant interaction mode (after CCQE). To increase statistics at the far detector for ν_e appearance studies, a new 2-ring ν_e $CC1\pi^+$ sample is being developed. Systematic uncertainties of this sample must therefore be studied. In order to estimate detector systematics at the Super-Kamiokande (SK) detector, hybrid ν_e $CC1\pi^+$ samples will be used. These hybrid samples consist of atmospheric e-like rings (from either data or MC) merged with MC-generated π^+ rings. This technical note outlines the construction of these new hybrid samples and their potential to be used for systematic error estimation.

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